## **SUPPLIES**

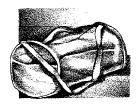
here are six basics
you should stock in
your home: water,
food, first aid supplies,
clothing and bedding,
tools and emergency supplies and special items.
Keep the items that you
would most likely need
during an evacuation in an
easy-to-carry container—
suggested items are
marked with an asterisk (\*).
Possible containers include



a large, covered trash container,



camping backpack,



or a duffle bag.

lubricant

Store water in plastic containers such as soft drink bottles. Avoid using containers that will decompose or break, such as milk cartons or glass bottles. A normally active person needs to drink at least two quarts of water each day. Hot environments and intense physical activity can double that amount. Children, nursing mothers and ill people will need more.

Store one gallon of water per person per day (two quarts for drinking, two quarts for food preparation/sanitation)\*

Keep at least a three-day supply of water for each person in your household.



## Food

Store at least a three-day supply of non-perishable food. Select foods that require no refrigeration, preparation or cooking and little or no water. If you must heat food, pack a can of sterno. Select food items that are compact and lightweight.

\*Include a selection of the following foods in your Disaster Supplies Kit:

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Ready-to-eat canned meats, fruits	Vitamins	
and vegetables	Foods for	infants, elderly persons
Canned juices, milk, soup	or persons	s on special diets
(if powdered, store extra water)	Comfort/s	tress foods — cookies,
Staples — sugar, salt, pepper	hard cand	y, sweetened cereals
High energy foods — peanut butter,	lollipops,	instant coffee, tea bags
jelly, crackers, granloa bars, trail mix		



First Aid Kit

Assemble a first aid kit for your home and one for each car. A first aid kit\* should include:

Sterile adhesive bandages in assorted sizes 2-inch sterile gauze pads (4-6) 4-inch sterile gauze pads (4-6) Hypoallergenic adhesive tape Triangular bandages (3)		Assorted sizes of safety pins Cleansing agent/soap Latex gloves (2 pair) Sunscreen
2-inch sterile roller bandages (3 rolls) 3-inch sterile roller bandages (3 rolls) Scissors Tweezers Needle Moistened towelettes Antiseptic Thermometer Tongue blades (2) Tube of petroleum jelly or other	NC O O O O	Aspirin or nonaspirin pain reliever Anti-diarrhea medication Antacid (for stomach upset) Syrup of Ipecac (use to induce vomiting if advised by the Poison Control Center) Laxative Activated charcoal (use if advised by the Poison Control Center)

Contact your local American Red Cross chapter to obtain a basic first aid manual.

d Supplies							
Needles, thread Medicine dropper Shut-off wrench, to turn off household gas and water Whistle Plastic sheeting Map of the area (for locating shelters)							
Sanitation  Toilet paper, towelettes*  Soap, liquid detergent*  Feminine supplies*  Personal hygiene items*  Plastic garbage bags, ties (for personal sanitation ases)  Plastic bucket with tight lid  Disinfectant  Household chlorine bleach							
*Include at least one complete change of clothing and footwear per person.  Sturdy shoes or work boots* Rain gear* Blankets or sleeping bags*  Hat and gloves Thermal underwear Sunglasses							
Special Items Remember family members with special needs, such as infants and elderly or							
<ul> <li>Entertainment - games and books</li> <li>Important Family Documents         Keep these records in a waterproof, portable container.     </li> <li>Will, insurance policies, contracts, deeds, stocks and bonds</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Passports, social security cards, immunization records</li> <li>Bank account numbers</li> <li>Credit card account numbers and companies</li> <li>Inventory of valuable household goods, important telephone numbers</li> <li>Family records (birth, marriage, death certificates)</li> </ul>							

☐ Extra eye glasses

## SUGGESTIONS AND REMINDERS

Store your kit in a convenient place known to all family members. Keep a smaller version of the Disaster Supplies Kit in the trunk of your car.



- Keep items in air tight plastic bags.
- Change your stored water supply every six months so it stays fresh.
- Rotate your stored food every six months.
- Re-think your kit and family needs at least once a year. Replace batteries, update clothes, etc.
- Ask your physician or pharmacist about storing prescription medications.

